## — Romans 10.5-8 — Romans Series 64

## The Word of Faith which We Preach

Rom 10.5 For Moses writes about the righteousness which is of the law, "The man who does those things shall live by them." 6 But the righteousness of faith speaks in this way, "Do not say in your heart, 'Who will ascend into heaven?' " (that is, to bring Christ down from above) 7 or, "'Who will descend into the abyss?' " (that is, to bring Christ up from the dead). 8 But what does it say? "The word is near you, in your mouth and in your heart" (that is, the word of faith which we preach).

* Paul's lowish apparents were arguing that the gospal of Christ
* Paul's Jewish opponents were arguing that the gospel of Christ
represents a radical from God's plans &
promises in the OT. Paul was countering that the gospel of Christ
represents no departure at all, but rather a
of God's plans promises. So one the pivotal questions was
whether the righteousness of faith was consistent or inconsistent
with the way of righteousness laid out in the law.
* Our text throws us into the broader to
determine how Paul's words should be translated and interpreted,
for the Greek word for "" at the beginning of vs 6 can also
be translated "", depending on whether Paul intended to
draw a connection or a contrast.
*The immediate context indicates that Paul intends to draw a
, for Paul's three quotations in vs 5-8
all come from the
* <b>In Rom 7</b> , Paul, using his old, unregenerate self as a sample
Israelite, says that the problem with the law was not with the
law itself, but with the enslaving power of over him.
Rom 7.14 "[T]he law is spiritual, but I am carnal, sold under sin."
Thus the law presumed by the
Holy Spirit & the saving of Abraham within the heart.
* <b>The law</b> could call Israelites to regeneration and to saving faith,
but it had no to produce them.
Deut 10.16 [C]ircumcise the foreskin of your heart, and be stiff-necked no longer.

John 3.3 Jesus ... said to him, ... "[U]nless one is born again, he cannot see the kingdom of God ... 10 Are you the teacher of Israel, and do not know these things?"

Psalm 51 ... A Psalm of David ... 11 "Do not cast me away from Your presence, and do not take Your Holy Spirit from me."

* For regenerate,	believing Israelites, the law was truly the way of
, becau	use it objectively pointed and led to
and righteousness	s through faith in him.
Rom 10.4 (liter who believe."	al) "The goal of the law—Christ unto righteousness for all
* For unregenera	te Israelites, the law's effect was to prove (1) the
iron	of Satan, sin, and death upon them, and (2) the
absolute	of the incarnation, virgin birth,
perfect life, atonii	ng death, resurrection, and coronation of Jesus,
the promised See	d of Abraham, for that is the only way to have
the Spirit turn ens	slaved sinners into the dwelling place of the God.
removed their	ese people draw near with their mouths but have hearts far from Me, and their fear toward Me is taught ndment of men"
	will cleanse you from all your filthiness and from all your give you a new heart and put a new spirit within you"
1Cor 3.16 Do y Spirit of God d	ou not know that you are the temple of God and that the wells in you?
	ns many as are led by the Spirit of God, these are the sons ne Spirit Himself bears witness with our spirit that we are
* <b>In Rom 8.4,</b> Pau	I says the result of salvation in Christ is "that the
righteous require	ment of the might be fulfilled in us
who do not walk	according to the flesh but according to the Spirit."
That could never	be true if the law was a way of
salvation antithet	ical to faith in Christ.
* In Jer 31.31-34,	God says that the effect of the new covenant will
be to write his	on his people's hearts and minds, so that
they truly	him, and will finally be his people. That could
never be the case	if the law was a way of salvation
antithetical to fait	h in Christ.
32 not accor out of the land husband to the house of Israel hearts; and I w shall every ma 'Know the LORE	old I will make a new covenant with the house of Israel ding to the covenant that I made [when] I took them of Egypt, My covenant which they broke, though I was a em 33 But this is the covenant that I will make with the I will put My law in their minds, and write it on their rill be their God, and they shall be My people. 34 No more in teach his neighbor, and every man his brother, saying, o,' for they all shall know Me For I will forgive their neir sin I will remember no more."
	s indicate that Paul is drawing a connection in vs 6 should begin with "," not "but."

* Vs 5 quotes	, which was written for	LORD your God with all your heart and with all your soul, that you may	
the priests. It's main theme is that God, having redeemed Israel,		live.	
is going to	in the midst of his people.	Then, Moses encourages the people by assuring them that the law is	
Lev 26.11 I will set My tabernacle among you, and My soul shall not abhor you. 12 I will walk among you and be your God, and you shall be My people. 13 I am the LORD your God, who brought you out of the land of Egypt, that you should not be their slaves; I have broken the bands of your yoke and made you walk upright.		not calling them to some impossible of	
		perfection. And Paul, in vs 6-8, gives us a divine commentary on the passage:	
living in God's presence in God who save  Lev 11.45 For I am the Lo	, and is talking about light of the same. That means becoming the distance of them, being like he is.  ORD who brings you up out of the land of Egypt, therefore be holy, for I am holy.	Rom 10.6 [And] the righteousness of faith speaks in this way, "Do not say in your heart, 'Who will ascend into heaven?'" (that is, to bring Christ down from above) 7 or, "'Who will descend into the abyss?' " (that is, to bring Christ up from the dead). 8 But what does it say? "The word is near you, in your mouth and in your heart" (that is, the word of faith which we preach)	
		* The opening words of the quote in vs 6 actually comes from Dt 9.4:	
* If God is the people's high by him, not by the unbeliev	hest love, they will be ving peoples around them.	Deut 9.4 "Do not think in your heart …, 'Because of my righteousness the LORD has brought me in to possess this land' …	
Leviticus 18.2 "I am the LORD your God. 3 According to the doings of the land of Egypt, where you dwelt, you shall not do; and according to the doings of the land of Canaan, where I am bringing you, you shall not do; nor shall you walk in their ordinances. 4 You shall observe My judgments and keep My ordinances, to walk in them: I am the LORD your God. 5 You shall therefore keep My statutes and My judgments, which if a man does, he shall live by them: I am the LORD."		* Paul is not pitting the law against — that's what his Jewish opponents were doing — Paul is showing that the law was built on, required, & led to	
		* The idea that God's people should actively walk with him after he	
	God of, and walking with Me	has saved them makes many modern Christians	
is the of life. To depart from Me and My path is to walk in the path of"		that they are trying to earn their own righteousness. But the NT teaches the same thing.	
* Lev. spells out the various sacrifices, all of which pointed to Lev. lays out the festal calendar, which began the year with, and ended it with the Day of (i.e. propitiation), both vivid pictures of Christ's atoning death.		Col 2.6 As you have received Christ Jesus the Lord, so walk in Him, Col 2.10 [W]alk in a manner worthy of the Lord, to please Him in all respects Rom 6.4 [W]alk in newness of life	
1Cor 5.7 Christ, our Passover, was sacrificed for us.  1John 4.10 In this is love, not that we loved God, but that He loved us and sent His Son to be the propitiation for our sins.		2 John 6 [W]alk according to His commandments	
		Rom 8.13 For if you live according to the flesh, you will die, but if by the Spirit you put to death the deeds of the flesh, you will live	
* <b>Vs 6-8 quote</b> Deut 30.12-	-14. In context, Moses is telling the people		
that in spite of all God's mi	racles before them, they still did not have		
hearts to, eyes	s to see, and ears to hear (Dt 29.2-4);		
and that they are going to	turn away from God and end up in		
captivity again, scattered a	mong unbelieving nations (30.1).		
But Moses prophesies hope	e on the other side:		
Deut 30.3 "[T]he LORD voi	ur God will bring you back from captivity, and		

have compassion on you, and gather you again from all the nations where the LORD your God has scattered you ... 6 And the LORD your God will circumcise your heart and the heart of your descendants, to love the